

Tegsedi (inotersen)

Override(s)	Approval Duration
Prior Authorization Quantity Limit	1 year

Medications	Quantity Limit
Tegsedi (inotersen)	May be subject to quantity limit

APPROVAL CRITERIA

Initial requests for Tegsedi (inotersen) may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- I. Individual has a diagnosis of hereditary transthyretin (hATTR) amyloidosis or familial amyloid polyneuropathy (FAP); **AND**
- II. Documentation is provided that individual has a TTR mutation confirmed by genotyping (Benson, 2018); **AND**
- III. Documentation is provided that individual has associated mild to moderate polyneuropathy (Benson, 2018); **AND**
- IV. Individual has a baseline platelet count greater than or equal to $100 \times 10^9/L$; **AND**
- V. Individual has a urinary protein to creatinine ratio (UPCR) greater than or equal to 1000 mg/g.

Continuation requests for Tegsedi (inotersen) may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- I. Documentation is provided to show clinically significant improvement or stabilization in clinical signs and symptoms of disease (including but not limited to improved ambulation, improvement in neurologic symptom burden, improvement in activities of daily living); **AND**
- II. Individual's most recent platelet count was within the past month and was greater than or equal to $100 \times 10^9/L$; **AND**
- III. Individual's most recent urinary protein to creatinine ratio (UPCR) was within the past month and was less than 1000 mg/g.

Requests for Tegsedi (inotersen) may not be approved for the following:

- I. Individual has a history of liver transplantation; **OR**
- II. Individual has severe renal impairment or end-stage renal disease; **OR**
- III. Individual has a history of acute glomerulonephritis caused by Tegsedi (inotersen); **OR**
- IV. Individual has moderate or severe hepatic impairment; **OR**
- V. Individual has New York Heart Association (NYHA) class III or IV heart failure (Benson, 2018); **OR**
- VI. Individual has sensorimotor or autonomic neuropathy not related to hATTR amyloidosis (monoclonal gammopathy, autoimmune disease, etc.) (Benson, 2018); **OR**

- VII. Individual is using in combination with Amvuttra, Onpattro, Vyndaqel, or Vyndamax; **OR**
VIII. May not be approved when the above criteria are not met and for all other indications.

Note:

Tegsedi (inotersen) has black box warnings for thrombocytopenia and glomerulonephritis. Tegsedi causes reductions in platelet count that may result in sudden and unpredictable thrombocytopenia and is contraindicated in individuals with a platelet count below $100 \times 10^9/L$ at baseline. During treatment, platelet counts should be monitored weekly if values are $75 \times 10^9/L$ or greater, and more frequently if values are less than $75 \times 10^9/L$. Following discontinuation of therapy, platelet counts should be monitored for 8 weeks or longer to verify values remain above $75 \times 10^9/L$. Tegsedi can cause glomerulonephritis that may require immunosuppressive treatment and may result in dialysis-dependent renal failure. Tegsedi should not be initiated in patients with urinary protein to creatinine ratio (UPCR) of 1000 mg/g or higher. Serum creatinine, estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR), and UPCR should be monitored at baseline and every two weeks during treatment. Tegsedi should not be administered to individuals who develop a UPCR of 1000 mg/g or higher or eGFR below 45 mL/min/1.73 m², pending further evaluation. The FDA has required the manufacturer to develop a comprehensive risk management program that includes the enrollment of prescribers in the Tegsedi RMS Program. Additional information and forms for individuals, prescribers, and pharmacists may be found on the manufacturer's website: www.tegsedirems.com.

Key References:

1. Ando Y, Coelho T, Berk JL, et. al. Guideline of transthyretin-related hereditary amyloidosis for clinicians. *Orphanet J Rare Dis.* 2013;8(31).
2. Benson MD, Waddington-Cruz M, Berk JL, et al. Inotersen treatment for patients with hereditary transthyretin amyloidosis. *N Engl J Med.* 2018;379(1):22-31.
3. DailyMed. Package inserts. U.S. National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health website. <http://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/about.cfm>. Accessed: July 1, 2022.
4. DrugPoints® System [electronic version]. Truven Health Analytics, Greenwood Village, CO. Updated periodically.
5. Gertz MA, Benson MD, Dyck PJ, et. al. Diagnosis, Prognosis, and Therapy of Transthyretin Amyloidosis. *J Am Coll Cardiol.* 2015;66(21):2451-2466.
6. Lexi-Comp ONLINE™ with AHFS™, Hudson, Ohio: Lexi-Comp, Inc.; 2022; Updated periodically.

Federal and state laws or requirements, contract language, and Plan utilization management programs or policies may take precedence over the application of this clinical criteria.

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