

I. Requirements for Prior Authorization of GLP-1 Receptor Agonists

NOTE: GLP-1 Receptor Agonists are not covered for the treatment of overweight or obesity. GLP-1 Receptor Agonists are covered for the treatment of diagnoses that are indicated in the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved package labeling or other medically accepted indications excluding treatment of overweight or obesity. Saxenda (liraglutide) will no longer be covered for any indication.

A. Prescriptions That Require Prior Authorization

All prescriptions for GLP-1 Receptor Agonists must be prior authorized.

B. Review of Documentation for Medical Necessity

In evaluating a request for prior authorization of a prescription for a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, the determination of whether the requested prescription is medically necessary will take into account whether the beneficiary has the following:

1. For the treatment of diabetes, **one** of the following:

- a. For a preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for the treatment of diabetes, at least **one** of the following:
 - i. A diagnosis of diabetes
 - ii. A history of an antidiabetic drug (excluding metformin, SGLT-2 inhibitors, and drugs containing a GLP-1 receptor agonist) within the last 120 days
- b. For a non-preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for the treatment of diabetes, **all** of the following:
 - i. A diagnosis of diabetes,
 - ii. A history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance[^] to the maximum FDA-approved dose of the preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonists approved or medically accepted for the beneficiary's diagnosis,
 - iii. The prescribed GLP-1 Receptor Agonist is approved by the FDA for the treatment of diabetes;

[^]For a request to change from one GLP-1 Receptor Agonist (e.g., a semaglutide product) to a different GLP-1 Receptor Agonist (e.g., a tirzepatide product) due to intolerance: Must submit chart documentation that the following approaches were tried over a period of at least one month: dietary changes (e.g., eating apples, crackers, or mint- or ginger-based drinks 30 minutes after administering the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist), prescription antiemetics, and, for beneficiaries who tolerated lower doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, dose adjustment to remediate side effects experienced with higher doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist.

AND

2. For a diagnosis other than diabetes, has chart documentation of **all** of the following:

a. **One** of the following:

- i. For the treatment of moderate to severe obstructive sleep apnea (OSA), **all** of the following:
 - a) A recent body mass index (BMI) greater than or equal to 35 kg/m²,
 - b) A diagnosis of moderate to severe OSA confirmed according to **one** of the following:
 - (i) The most recent consensus treatment guidelines (e.g., American Academy of Sleep Medicine International Classification of Sleep Disorders)
 - (ii) A baseline apnea-hypopnea index greater than or equal to 15 events per hour,
 - c) At least **one** of the following clinical symptoms:
 - (i) Excessive daytime sleepiness (e.g., Epworth Sleepiness Scale [ESS ≥10])
 - (ii) Reduced-sleep related quality of life (e.g., snoring, nocturnal choking insomnia, disruption of partner's sleep, morning headaches, nocturia, etc.),
 - d) **One** of the following:
 - (i) Utilization of positive airway pressure (PAP) with documented adherence to PAP treatment (defined as use of a PAP device for greater than or equal to four hours per night on 70% of nights during a consecutive 30-day period)
 - (ii) **Both** of the following:
 - a. If intolerant to PAP, must submit chart documentation that troubleshooting strategies have been tried to address barriers (e.g., provider consultation for mask-related issues, increasing humidity settings, addressing claustrophobia concerns)
 - b. If the beneficiary has a medical reason PAP cannot be used or is still intolerant to PAP despite troubleshooting strategies, utilization of or intolerance to an oral appliance for OSA,
- ii. For the reduction in risk of major adverse cardiovascular events (cardiovascular death, non-fatal myocardial infarction, or non-fatal stroke), **all** of the following:
 - a) Is prescribed the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist by or in consultation with an appropriate specialist (e.g., cardiologist, vascular surgeon, neurologist),
 - b) A recent BMI greater than or equal to 27 kg/m²,
 - c) **One** of the following:
 - (i) Prior myocardial infarction,

- (ii) Prior stroke,
 - (iii) Peripheral arterial disease and at least **one** of the following:
 - a. Intermittent claudication with ankle-brachial index less than 0.85 (at rest),
 - b. A history of peripheral arterial revascularization procedure,
 - c. A history of amputation due to atherosclerotic disease,
 - d) The requested drug will be used in combination with optimized pharmacotherapy for established cardiovascular disease based on current consensus guidelines unless contraindicated or not tolerated,
- iii. For the treatment of noncirrhotic metabolic dysfunction-associated steatohepatitis (MASH), **all** of the following:
- a) Is prescribed the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist by or in consultation with a hepatologist or gastroenterologist,
 - b) Has a diagnosis of MASH with moderate to advanced liver fibrosis (consistent with stage F2 or F3 fibrosis) as confirmed by **one** of the following:
 - (i) Liver biopsy within the past three years
 - (ii) A recent FIB-4 index greater than or equal to 1.3 for beneficiaries less than 65 years of age (or greater than or equal to 2.0 for beneficiaries greater than or equal to 65 years of age) and **one** of the following:
 - a. Liver stiffness measurement by vibration controlled transient elastography (VCTE) (e.g., Fibroscan),
 - b. Magnetic resonance elastography (MRE),
 - c. Shear wave elastography (SWE),
 - d. Enhanced Liver Fibrosis (ELF) score,
 - c) Does not have significant alcohol use (defined as alcohol consumption of more than one drink per day for natal females or more than two drinks per day for natal males) or alcohol dependence,
 - d) The requested drug will be used in combination with optimized pharmacotherapy for established comorbid diseases (e.g., cardiovascular disease, dyslipidemia, diabetes, hypertension) based on current consensus guidelines unless contraindicated or not tolerated,
 - e) If currently taking Rezdiffra (resmetirom) with a plan to add concomitant therapy with a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, failed to show improvement in liver fibrosis after a trial of Rezdiffra (resmetirom) for greater than or equal to 12 months,
- iv. For any other FDA-approved or medically accepted diagnoses (excluding treatment of overweight or obesity), **both** of the following:

- a) Has a history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to first line therapy(ies) if applicable according to consensus treatment guidelines
 - b) The requested drug will be used in combination with optimized pharmacotherapy for the condition being treated based on current consensus guidelines unless contraindicated or not tolerated,
- b. **One** of the following:
- i. For a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for the reduction in risk of major adverse cardiovascular events (cardiovascular death, non-fatal myocardial infarction, or non-fatal stroke) or treatment of MASH, will use the requested GLP-1 Receptor Agonist in combination with lifestyle changes and behavioral modifications (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity)
 - ii. For a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for an indication other than reduction in risk of major adverse cardiovascular events or treatment of MASH, a recent six-month trial of and plan to continue lifestyle changes and behavioral modifications (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity) or a medical reason why immediate treatment is necessary,
- c. Is age-appropriate according to FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature,
- d. Does not have a contraindication to the prescribed drug,
- e. For a non-preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for a diagnosis other than diabetes, one of the following:
- i. For Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, one of the following:
 - a) For Wegovy (semaglutide) 2.4 mg injection, one of the following:
 - (i) Both of the following:
 - a. Dose titration to semaglutide 2 mg injection has been completed
 - b. A medical reason has been provided to support the need for the 2.4 mg dose
 - (ii) A history of therapeutic failure* of the maximum FDA-approved dose of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection

***Therapeutic failure of a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist is defined as follows:** Failure to achieve positive clinical outcome(s) as outlined in the renewal guidelines while utilizing the maximum FDA-approved dose of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist with documentation of adherence to the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist in combination with lifestyle changes and behavioral modifications (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity). If the beneficiary is not at the maximum FDA-approved dose of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist due to intolerance, must submit chart documentation that the following approaches were tried over a period of at least one month: dietary changes (e.g., eating apples, crackers, or mint- or ginger-

based drinks 30 minutes after administering the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist), prescription antiemetics, and, for beneficiaries who tolerated lower doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, dose adjustment to remediate the side effects experienced with higher doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist.

- b) For all other strengths of Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, a history of therapeutic failure* of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug,
- ii. For Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection, a history of therapeutic failure* of or a contraindication or an intolerance[^] to the maximum FDA-approved doses of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection and Wegovy (semaglutide) injection,

[^]For a request to change from one GLP-1 Receptor Agonist (e.g., a semaglutide product) to a different GLP-1 Receptor Agonist (e.g., a tirzepatide product) due to intolerance: Must submit chart documentation that the following approaches were tried over a period of at least one month: dietary changes (e.g., eating apples, crackers, or mint- or ginger-based drinks 30 minutes after administering the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist), prescription antiemetics, and, for beneficiaries who tolerated lower doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, dose adjustment to remediate side effects experienced with higher doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist.

- iii. For Zepbound (tirzepatide) injection, a history of therapeutic failure* of or a contraindication or an intolerance[^] to the maximum FDA-approved doses of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection, Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, and Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug,
- iv. For all other non-preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonists, a history of therapeutic failure* of or a contraindication or an intolerance[^] to the maximum FDA-approved doses of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection, Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection, and Zepbound (tirzepatide) injection that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug;

AND

- 3. For therapeutic duplication of a GLP-1 receptor agonist when there is a record of a recent paid claim for another GLP-1 receptor agonist or a DPP-4 inhibitor in the point-of-sale online claims adjudication system, one of the following:
 - a. Is being transitioned to or from another GLP-1 receptor agonist or a DPP-4 inhibitor with the intent of discontinuing one of the drugs
 - b. Has a medical reason for concomitant use of the requested drugs that is supported by peer-reviewed medical literature or national treatment guidelines;

NOTE: If the beneficiary does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

FOR RENEWALS OF PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FOR GLP-1 RECEPTOR AGONISTS: The determination of medical necessity of a request for renewal of a prior authorization for a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist that was previously approved will take into account whether the beneficiary has the following:

NOTE: GLP-1 Receptor Agonists are not covered for the treatment of overweight or obesity. GLP-1 Receptor Agonists are covered for the treatment of diagnoses that are indicated in the FDA-approved package labeling or other medically accepted indications excluding treatment of overweight or obesity. Saxenda (liraglutide) will no longer be covered for any indication.

1. For the treatment of diabetes, **one** of the following:
 - a. For a preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for the treatment of diabetes, at least **one** of the following:
 - i. A diagnosis of diabetes
 - ii. A history of an antidiabetic drug (excluding metformin, SGLT-2 inhibitors, and drugs containing a GLP-1 receptor agonist) within the last 120 days
 - b. For a non-preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for the treatment of diabetes, **all** of the following:
 - i. A diagnosis of diabetes,
 - ii. A history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance[^] to the maximum FDA-approved dose of the preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonists approved or medically accepted for the beneficiary's diagnosis,
 - iii. The prescribed GLP-1 Receptor Agonist is approved by the FDA for the treatment of diabetes;

[^]For a request to change from one GLP-1 Receptor Agonist (e.g., a semaglutide product) to a different GLP-1 Receptor Agonist (e.g., a tirzepatide product) due to intolerance: Must submit chart documentation that the following approaches were tried over a period of at least one month: dietary changes (e.g., eating apples, crackers, or mint- or ginger-based drinks 30 minutes after administering the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist), prescription antiemetics, and, for beneficiaries who tolerated lower doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, dose adjustment to remediate side effects experienced with higher doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist.

AND

2. For a non-preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for a diagnosis other than diabetes, **one** of the following:
 - a. For Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, one of the following:
 - i. For Wegovy (semaglutide) 2.4 mg injection, **one** of the following:
 - a) **Both** of the following:

- (i) Dose titration to semaglutide 2 mg injection has been completed
 - (ii) A medical reason has been provided to support the need for the 2.4 mg dose
- b) A history of therapeutic failure* of the maximum FDA-approved dose Ozempic (semaglutide) injection

****Therapeutic failure of a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist is defined as follows:***
Failure to achieve positive clinical outcome(s) as outlined in number 3. of the renewal guidelines below while utilizing the maximum FDA-approved dose of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist with documentation of adherence to the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist in combination with lifestyle changes and behavioral modifications (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity). If the beneficiary is not at the maximum FDA-approved dose of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist due to intolerance, must submit chart documentation that the following approaches were tried over a period of at least one month: dietary changes (e.g., eating apples, crackers, or mint- or ginger-based drinks 30 minutes after administering the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist), prescription antiemetics, and, for beneficiaries who tolerated lower doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, dose adjustment to remediate the side effects experienced with higher doses of the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist.

- ii. For all other strengths of Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, a history of therapeutic failure* of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug,
- b. For Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection, a history of therapeutic failure* of or a contraindication or an intolerance[^] to the maximum FDA-approved doses Ozempic (semaglutide) injection and Wegovy (semaglutide) injection,
- c. For Zepbound (tirzepatide) injection, a history of therapeutic failure* of or a contraindication or an intolerance[^] to the maximum FDA-approved doses of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection, Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, and Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug,
- d. For all other non-preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonists, a history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to the maximum FDA-approved doses of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection, Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection, and Zepbound (tirzepatide) injection that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug;

AND

3. For diagnoses other than diabetes, has chart documentation of all of the following:
- a. One of the following:
 - i. For the reduction in risk of major adverse cardiovascular events (cardiovascular death, non-fatal myocardial infarction, or non-fatal stroke), both of the following:

- a) Is prescribed the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist by or in consultation with an appropriate specialist (e.g., cardiologist, vascular surgeon, neurologist)
 - b) The requested drug will be used in combination with optimized pharmacotherapy for established cardiovascular disease based on current consensus guidelines unless contraindicated or not tolerated,
- ii. For the treatment of MASH, all of the following:
- a) Is prescribed the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist by or in consultation with a hepatologist or gastroenterologist,
 - b) Does not have significant alcohol use (defined as alcohol consumption of more than one drink per day for natal females or more than two drinks per day for natal males) or alcohol dependence,
 - c) The requested drug will be used in combination with optimized pharmacotherapy for established comorbid diseases (e.g., cardiovascular disease, dyslipidemia, diabetes, hypertension) based on current consensus guidelines unless contraindicated or not tolerated,
 - d) If the beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for greater than or equal to one year, has documentation of one of the following:
 - (i) Resolution of steatohepatitis and improvement or no worsening of liver fibrosis
 - (ii) Improvement of liver fibrosis and no worsening of steatohepatitis,
- iii. For the treatment of moderate to severe OSA, all of the following:
- a) One of the following:
 - (i) The beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for less than six months and has documentation of lifestyle changes and behavioral modifications (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity)
 - (ii) If the beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for greater than or equal to six months, one of the following:
 - a. If initial dose titration has been completed and the beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for at least three consecutive months at the maximum tolerated dose, has 5% total body weight loss and documentation of dietary changes
 - b. If initial dose titration has not been completed and/or the beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for less than three consecutive months at the maximum tolerated dose and the beneficiary has documentation of dietary changes, the reviewer may approve up to a three-month trial of the requested GLP-1 Receptor Agonist at the maximum tolerated dose,
 - b) One of the following:

- (i) Utilization of PAP with documented adherence to PAP treatment (defined as use of PAP devices for four or more hours per night on 70% of nights during a consecutive 30-day period) unless PAP is no longer recommended
 - (ii) If the beneficiary has a medical reason PAP cannot be used or is intolerant to PAP despite troubleshooting strategies, utilization of or intolerance to an oral appliance for OSA unless an oral device is no longer recommended,
- c) If the beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for greater than or equal to one year, has documentation of improvement in OSA signs/symptoms since initiating the requested drug (e.g., decrease in the apnea-hypopnea index number of events per hour from baseline, improvement in daytime sleepiness),
- iv. For any other FDA-approved or medically accepted diagnoses (excluding treatment of overweight or obesity), **both** of the following:
- a) The requested drug will be used in combination with optimized pharmacotherapy for the condition being treated based on current consensus guidelines unless contraindicated or not tolerated
 - b) If the beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for at least three consecutive months at the maximum tolerated dose, has chart documentation demonstrating one of the following based on prescriber's assessment:
 - (i) Improvement or stabilization of the beneficiary's condition
 - (ii) Continues to benefit from therapy
 - b. Is continuing lifestyle changes and behavioral modification (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity),
 - c. Is age-appropriate according to FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature,
 - d. Does not have a contraindication to the prescribed drug,
 - e. If the request is for a different GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, one of the following:
 - i. For a non-preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, one of the following:
 - a) For Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, one of the following:
 - (i) For Wegovy (semaglutide) 2.4 mg injection, one of the following:
 - a. Both of the following:
 1. Dose titration to semaglutide 2 mg injection has been completed
 2. A medical reason has been provided to support the need for 2.4 mg dose

- b. A history of therapeutic failure* of the maximum FDA-approved dose Ozempic (semaglutide) injection
 - (ii) For all other strengths of Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, a history of therapeutic failure* of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug,
 - b) For Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection, a history of therapeutic failure* of or a contraindication or an intolerance[^] to the maximum FDA-approved doses of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection and Wegovy (semaglutide) injection,
 - c) For Zepbound (tirzepatide) injection, a history of therapeutic failure* of or a contraindication or an intolerance[^] to the maximum FDA-approved doses of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection, Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, and Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug,
 - d) For all other non-preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonists, a history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to the maximum FDA-approved doses of Ozempic (semaglutide) injection, Wegovy (semaglutide) injection, Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection, and Zepbound (tirzepatide) injection that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug
- ii. For a change from one preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonist to another preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, a rationale for the change in therapy;

AND

- 4. For therapeutic duplication of a GLP-1 receptor agonist when there is a record of a recent paid claim for another GLP-1 receptor agonist or a DPP-4 inhibitor in the point-of-sale online claims adjudication system, one of the following:
 - a. Is being transitioned to or from another GLP-1 receptor agonist or a DPP-4 inhibitor with the intent of discontinuing one of the drugs
 - b. Has a medical reason for concomitant use of the requested drugs that is supported by peer-reviewed medical literature or national treatment guidelines;

NOTE: If the beneficiary does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

C. Clinical Review Process

Prior authorization personnel will review the request for prior authorization and apply the clinical guidelines in Section B. above to assess the medical necessity of a prescription for a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist. If the guidelines in Section B. are met, the reviewer will prior authorize the prescription. If the guidelines are not met, the prior authorization request will be referred to a physician reviewer for a medical necessity determination. Such a request for prior

authorization will be approved when, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary.

D. Dose and Duration of Therapy

Prescriptions for GLP-1 Receptor Agonists will be limited to a one-month supply per fill.

Requests for prior authorization of GLP-1 Receptor Agonists will be approved as follows:

1. For a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for a diagnosis of diabetes, requests will be approved for up to 12 months.
2. For a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for a diagnosis of OSA, requests will be approved for up to six months unless otherwise specified in Section B.
3. For GLP-1 Receptor Agonists for all indications other than diabetes or OSA (excluding treatment of overweight or obesity), requests will be approved for up to six months.

GLP-1 RECEPTOR AGONISTS PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FORM (form effective 3/2/2026)

<input type="checkbox"/> New request	<input type="checkbox"/> Renewal request	# of pages: _____	Prescriber name:	
Name of office contact:			Specialty:	
Contact's phone number:			NPI:	State license #:
LTC facility contact/phone:			Street address:	
Beneficiary name:			City/state/zip:	
Beneficiary ID#:	DOB:	Phone:	Fax:	

CLINICAL INFORMATION

Drug requested:	Strength:	
Directions:	Quantity:	Refills:
Diagnosis (submit documentation):	DX code (<u>required</u>):	

Complete all sections that apply to the beneficiary and this request.
Check all that apply and submit documentation for each item.

INITIAL requests

NOTE: GLP-1 Receptor Agonists are not covered for the treatment of overweight or obesity. GLP-1 Receptor Agonists are covered for the treatment of diagnoses that are indicated in the FDA-approved package labeling or other medically accepted indications excluding treatment of overweight or obesity. Saxenda (liraglutide) will no longer be covered for any indication.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF DIABETES:

- For a **PREFERRED** GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for the treatment of diabetes, submit documentation of the beneficiary's diagnosis.
- For a **NON-PREFERRED** GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for the treatment of diabetes:
 - Has tried and failed or has a contraindication or an intolerance to the preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonists

FOR ALL OTHER DIAGNOSES EXCEPT DIABETES:

- For the treatment of moderate to severe **OBSTRUCTIVE SLEEP APNEA (OSA)**, all of the following:
 - Has a recent BMI greater than or equal to 35 kg/m²
 - Has a diagnosis of moderate to severe OSA
 - Has excessive daytime sleepiness or reduced sleep-related quality of life
 - Is adherent to positive airway pressure (PAP) treatment or is currently using or is intolerant to an oral appliance for OSA
 - Had a recent six-month trial of and plan to continue lifestyle changes and behavioral modifications (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity) OR a medical reason why immediate treatment is necessary
- For the reduction in risk of **MAJOR ADVERSE CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS (MACE)**, all of the following:
 - Has a recent BMI greater than or equal to 27 kg/m²
 - Has established cardiovascular disease (e.g., history of MI, stroke, peripheral arterial revascularization procedure, or amputation due to atherosclerotic disease or has intermittent claudication with an ABI <0.85 at rest)
 - Is receiving optimized pharmacotherapy for established cardiovascular disease based on current consensus guidelines
 - The requested GLP-1 Receptor Agonist will be used in combination with lifestyle changes and behavioral modifications

3. For the treatment of **NONCIRRHOTIC METABOLIC DYSFUNCTION-ASSOCIATED STEATOHEPATITIS (MASH)**, all of the following:
- Has a diagnosis of MASH with moderate to advanced liver fibrosis (consistent with stage F2 or F3 fibrosis)
 - Does not have significant alcohol use or alcohol dependence
 - Is receiving optimized pharmacotherapy for established comorbid diseases based on current consensus guidelines
 - If currently taking Rezdifra (resmetirom) with a plan to add concomitant therapy with a GLP-1 Receptor Agonist, failed to show improvement in liver fibrosis after a trial of Rezdifra (resmetirom) for greater than or equal to 12 months
 - The requested GLP-1 Receptor Agonist will be used in combination with lifestyle changes and behavioral modifications
4. For a **NON-PREFERRED GLP-1 Receptor Agonist** for a diagnosis other than diabetes, indicate which **GLP-1 Receptor Agonists** have been tried or cannot be tried:
- Ozempic (semaglutide) injection
 - Wegovy (semaglutide) injection
 - Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection
 - Zepbound (tirzepatide) injection

RENEWAL requests

FOR THE TREATMENT OF DIABETES:

1. For a **PREFERRED GLP-1 Receptor Agonist** for the treatment of diabetes, submit documentation of beneficiary's diagnosis.
2. For a **NON-PREFERRED GLP-1 Receptor Agonist** for the treatment of diabetes:
 - Has tried and failed or has a contraindication or an intolerance to the preferred GLP-1 Receptor Agonists

FOR ALL DIAGNOSES EXCEPT DIABETES:

1. For the reduction in risk of **MAJOR ADVERSE CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS (MACE)**:
 - Is receiving optimized pharmacotherapy for established cardiovascular disease based on current consensus guidelines
2. For the treatment of **NONCIRRHOTIC METABOLIC DYSFUNCTION-ASSOCIATED STEATOHEPATITIS (MASH)**, all of the following:
 - Does not have significant alcohol use OR alcohol dependence
 - Is receiving optimized pharmacotherapy for established comorbid diseases based on current consensus guidelines
 - If the beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for greater than or equal to one year, experienced at least one of the following:
 - Resolution of steatohepatitis AND improvement or no worsening of liver fibrosis
 - Improvement of liver fibrosis AND no worsening of steatohepatitis
3. For the treatment of moderate to severe **OBSTRUCTIVE SLEEP APNEA (OSA)**, all of the following:
 - One of the following:
 - Has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for **LESS THAN SIX MONTHS** and:
 - Has documentation of lifestyle changes and behavioral modifications (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity)
 - Has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for **SIX MONTHS OR LONGER** and one of the following:
 - If initial dose titration has been completed and the beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for at least three consecutive months at the maximum tolerated dose, has 5% total body weight loss and documentation of dietary changes
 - If initial dose titration has not been completed and/or the beneficiary has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for less than three consecutive months at the maximum tolerated dose, has documentation of dietary changes
 - One of the following:
 - Is currently using and has documented adherence to positive airway pressure (PAP) unless PAP is no longer recommended
 - Has a medical reason why PAP cannot be used or is still intolerant to PAP despite troubleshooting strategies and is using or is intolerant to an oral appliance for OSA
 - Has been using the GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for **ONE YEAR OR LONGER** and:
 - Has documentation of improvement in OSA symptoms since starting the requested drug (e.g., decreased AHI, improvement in daytime sleepiness)

4. For ALL INDICATIONS other than diabetes:

Is continuing lifestyle changes and behavioral modification (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity)

5. For a NON-PREFERRED GLP-1 Receptor Agonist for a diagnosis other than diabetes, indicate which GLP-1 Receptor Agonists have been tried or cannot be tried:

Ozempic (semaglutide) injection

Wegovy (semaglutide) injection

Mounjaro (tirzepatide) injection

Zepbound (tirzepatide) injection

PLEASE FAX COMPLETED FORM WITH REQUIRED CLINICAL DOCUMENTATION

Prescriber Signature:

Date:

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