

I. Requirements for Prior Authorization of Monoclonal Antibodies – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP (MABs – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP)

A. Prescriptions That Require Prior Authorization

All prescriptions for MABs – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP must be prior authorized.

B. <u>Review of Documentation for Medical Necessity</u>

In evaluating a request for prior authorization of a prescription for a MAB – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP, the determination of whether the requested prescription is medically necessary will take into account whether the beneficiary:

- 1. For Dupixent (dupilumab), see the policy for Dupixent (dupilumab); **OR**
- Is prescribed the MAB Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP for the treatment of a diagnosis that is indicated in the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved package labeling OR a medically accepted indication; AND
- 3. Is age-appropriate according to FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature; **AND**
- 4. Is prescribed a dose that is consistent with FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature; **AND**
- 5. Is prescribed the MAB Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP by or in consultation with an appropriate specialist (i.e., pulmonologist, allergist, immunologist, dermatologist, hematologist/oncologist, rheumatologist, etc.); **AND**
- If currently using a different MAB Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP than requested, will discontinue the other MAB – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP prior to starting the requested agent; AND
- 7. For a non-preferred MAB Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP, one of the following:
 - Has a history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to the preferred MABs – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP approved or medically accepted for the beneficiary's indication
 - b. Has a current history (within the past 90 days) of being prescribed the same non-preferred MAB Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP (does not apply to non-preferred brands when the therapeutically equivalent interchangeable biosimilar or unbranded biologic is preferred or to non-preferred interchangeable biosimilars or unbranded biologics when the therapeutically equivalent interchangeable brand or brand biologic is preferred).

See the Preferred Drug List (PDL) for the list of preferred MABs – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP at: <u>https://papdl.com/preferred-drug-list;</u>

AND

- 8. For a diagnosis of asthma, **both** of the following:
 - a. Has an asthma severity that is consistent with the FDA-approved indication for the prescribed MAB – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP despite maximal therapeutic doses of or contraindication or intolerance to standard asthma controller drugs based on current national treatment guidelines for the diagnosis and management of asthma
 - Will use the requested MAB Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP in addition to standard asthma controller drugs as recommended by current national treatment guidelines for the diagnosis and management of asthma;

AND

- 9. For a diagnosis of chronic idiopathic urticaria, **both** of the following:
 - a. Has a history of urticaria for a period of at least six weeks
 - b. One of the following:
 - i. Requires systemic steroids to control urticarial symptoms
 - ii. Has a history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to maximum tolerated doses of an H1 antihistamine taken for at least two weeks;

AND

- 10. For a diagnosis of eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA), all of the following:
 - a. Has a diagnosis of EGPA supported by **all** of the following:
 - i. A history of asthma,
 - ii. A history of absolute blood eosinophil count ≥1000 cells/microL or blood eosinophil level >10% of leukocytes,
 - iii. A history of at least **one** of the following:
 - a) Histopathological evidence of **one** of the following:
 - (i) Eosinophilic vasculitis,
 - (ii) Perivascular eosinophilic infiltration,
 - (iii) Eosinophil-rich granulomatous inflammation,
 - b) Neuropathy, mono or poly (motor deficit or nerve conduction abnormality),
 - c) Pulmonary infiltrates, non-fixed,
 - d) Sino-nasal abnormality,
 - e) Cardiomyopathy,
 - f) Glomerulonephritis,
 - g) Alveolar hemorrhage,
 - h) Palpable purpura,
 - i) Positive test for ANCA,
 - b. **One** of the following:
 - i. Requires systemic glucocorticoids to maintain remission
 - ii. Has a contraindication or an intolerance to systemic glucocorticoids,

c. For a beneficiary with severe EGPA as defined by national treatment guidelines, has a history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to rituximab or cyclophosphamide;

AND

- 11. For a diagnosis of hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES), all of the following:
 - a. Has FIP1L1-PDGFRA-negative HES with organ damage or dysfunction,
 - b. Has a blood eosinophil count ≥1000 cells/microL,
 - c. One of the following:
 - i. Requires or has required systemic glucocorticoids to maintain remission
 - ii. Has a contraindication or an intolerance to systemic glucocorticoids;

AND

- 12. For all other diagnoses, has a history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to first line therapy(ies) if applicable according to consensus treatment guidelines; **AND**
- 13. For Xolair (omalizumab) for a diagnosis of asthma, has a diagnosis of allergen-induced asthma (allergic asthma confirmed by either a positive skin test or radioallergosorbent test) to an unavoidable perennial aeroallergen (e.g., pollen, mold, dust mite, etc.); **AND**
- 14. For Cinqair (reslizumab) for a diagnosis of asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, has an absolute blood eosinophil count ≥400 cells/microL; **AND**
- 15. For Nucala (mepolizumab) for a diagnosis of asthma, has asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype with absolute blood eosinophil count ≥150 cells/microL; **AND**
- 16. For Fasenra (benralizumab), has asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype with absolute blood eosinophil count ≥150 cells/microL.

NOTE: If the beneficiary does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

FOR RENEWALS OF PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FOR MABs – ANTI-IL, ANTI-IgE, ANTI-TSLP: The determination of medical necessity of a request for renewal of a prior authorization for a MAB – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP that was previously approved will take into account whether the beneficiary:

- 1. Is prescribed a dose that is consistent with FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature; **AND**
- Is prescribed a MAB Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP by or in consultation with an appropriate specialist (i.e., pulmonologist, allergist, immunologist, dermatologist, rheumatologist, etc.);
 AND

- Is not using the requested MAB Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP in combination with another MAB – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP; AND
- 4. For a diagnosis of asthma, **both** of the following:
 - a. Has measurable evidence of improvement in the severity of the asthma condition
 - b. Continues to use the requested MAB Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP in addition to standard asthma controller drugs as recommended by current national treatment guidelines for the diagnosis and management of asthma;

AND

- 5. For a diagnosis of chronic idiopathic urticaria, **both** of the following:
 - a. Experienced improvement of symptoms
 - b. Has a documented rationale for continued use;

AND

- 6. For a diagnosis of HES or EGPA, has **one** of the following:
 - a. Measurable evidence of improvement in disease activity
 - b. Reduction in use of systemic glucocorticoids for this indication;

AND

7. For a non-preferred MAB – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP with a therapeutically equivalent interchangeable biosimilar or brand or unbranded biologic that is preferred on the PDL, has a history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to the preferred therapeutically equivalent interchangeable biosimilar or brand or unbranded biologic that would not be expected to occur with the requested drug.

See the PDL for the list of preferred MABs – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP at: <u>https://papdl.com/preferred-drug-list;</u>

NOTE: If the beneficiary does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

C. Clinical Review Process

Prior authorization personnel will review the request for prior authorization and apply the clinical guidelines in Section B. above to assess the medical necessity of a prescription for a MAB – Anti-IL, Anti-IgE, Anti-TSLP. If the guidelines in Section B. are met, the reviewer will prior authorize the prescription. If the guidelines are not met, the prior authorization request will be referred to a physician reviewer for a medical necessity determination. Such a request for prior authorization will be approved when, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary.

MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES (MABs) – ANTI-IL, ANTI-IgE, ANTI-TSLP

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FORM (form effective	1/9/2023)
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New request Renewal request	Total # of pages:	Prescriber name:	,			
Name of office contact:		Specialty:				
Contact's phone number:		NPI:	S	tate license #:		
LTC facility contact/phone:		Street address:				
Beneficiary name:		City/state/zip:				
Beneficiary ID#:	DOB:	Phone:	Fa	x:		
	CLINICAL IN	FORMATION				
Drug requested:		Strength:		Dosage form (pen, vial, etc):		
Dose & directions:		Quantity:		Duration: months		
Diagnosis:		Dx code (<u>required</u>):		Weight: lbs / kg		
Has the beneficiary used the requested med	ication in the past 90 days?	Submit documentation.	□Yes – o □No	date of last dose:		
Is the requested medication being prescribed by or in consultation with a		a specialist?	□Yes □No	Submit documentation of consultation, if applicable.		
Complete all sections that apply to the b	eneficiary and this reque	st. Check all that apply ar	nd <u>submit d</u>	locumentation for each item.		
	INITIAL r	requests				
For a non-preferred drug in this class: Does the beneficiary have a history of trial and failure of or contraindication or an intolerance to the preferred agents in this class that are approved or medically accepted for treatment of the beneficiary's condition? Refer to Image: Submit documentation. https://papdl.com/preferred-drug-list for a list of preferred and non-preferred agents in this class. Image: Submit documentation.						
1. For treatment of ASTHMA:						
Is currently receiving optimally titrated doses of or has a contraindication or an intolerance to the following (<i>check all that apply</i>):						
 Has moderate-to-severe persistent asthma induced by an unavoidable perennial allergen (pollen, mold, dust mites, etc) Diagnosis confirmed by positive skin test or radioallergosorbent test (RAST) Has a serum total IgE measurement between 30 international units (IU)/mL and 1300 IU/mL For an anti-IL MAB (eg, CINQAIR, FASENRA, NUCALA): 						
Has asthma of an eosinophilic phenotype – Absolute blood eosinophil count:/mL Date obtained: Has severe asthma For an anti-TSLP (eg, TEZSPIRE):						
 Has severe asthma For treatment of CHRONIC SPONTAN Has a history of urticaria for a period 		ICARIA:				
Has a history of urticaria for a period of ≥6 weeks Requires use of systemic steroids to control urticarial symptoms						
Tried and failed the maximally tolerated dose of an H1 antihistamine (eg, cetirizine/levocetirizine, fexofenadine, loratadine/desloratadine) taken for at least 2 weeks or has a contraindication or an intolerance to H1 antihistamines						

3.	eosinophilic vasculitis	 sino-nasal abnormality cardiomyopathy glomerulonephritis alveolar hemorrhage palpable purpura positive test for ANCA 			
4.	Tried and failed or has a contraindication or an intolerance to rituxima For treatment of HYPEREOSINOPHILIC SYNDROME (HES):	nab or cyclophosphamide			
4.	 ☐ Has documented FIP1L1-PDGFRA-negative HES ☐ Has organ damage or dysfunction ☐ Has a blood eosinophil count ≥1000/microliter ☐ Requires or has required systemic glucocorticoids to maintain remission ☐ Has a contraindication or an intolerance to systemic glucocorticoids 				
5.	For treatment of NASAL POLYPS: Has a history of trial and failure of or contraindication or intolerance to nase For an anti-IgE MAB (eg, XOLAIR): Has a serum total IgE measurement between 30 international units (I				
	RENEWAL request	sts			
1. 2.	For treatment of CHRONIC SPONTANEOUS (IDIOPATHIC) URTICARIA:	or an intolerance to the following (<i>check all that apply</i>): agonist (LABA) um, theophylline):			
	Experienced an improvement in symptoms Document rationale for continued use:				
3.	For treatment of EGPA: Experienced measurable evidence of improvement in disease activity Reduction in use of systemic glucocorticoids for the treatment of EGPA				
4.	For treatment of HYPEREOSINOPHILIC SYNDROME (HES): Experienced measurable improvement in disease activity Reduction in use of systemic glucocorticoids for the treatment of HES				
PLEASE FAX COMPLETED FORM TO HIGHMARK WHOLECARE – PHARMACY DIVISION					
Pre	scriber Signature:	Date:			

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