

PHARMACY COVERAGE GUIDELINE

VONJO™ (pacritinib) Generic Equivalent (if available)

This Pharmacy Coverage Guideline (PCG):

- Provides information about the reasons, basis, and information sources we use for coverage decisions
- Is not an opinion that a drug (collectively “Service”) is clinically appropriate or inappropriate for a patient
- Is not a substitute for a provider’s judgment (Provider and patient are responsible for all decisions about appropriateness of care)
- Is subject to all provisions e.g. (benefit coverage, limits, and exclusions) in the member’s benefit plan; and
- Is subject to change as new information becomes available.

Scope

- This PCG applies to Commercial and/or Marketplace plans
- This PCG does not apply to the Federal Employee Program, Medicare Advantage, Medicaid or members of out-of-state Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield Plans

Instructions & Guidance

- To determine whether a member is eligible for the Service, read the entire PCG.
- This PCG is used for FDA approved indications including, but not limited to, a diagnosis and/or treatment with dosing, frequency, and duration.
- Use of a drug outside the FDA approved guidelines, refer to the appropriate Off-Label Use policy.
- The “Criteria” section outlines the factors and information we use to decide if the Service is medically necessary as defined in the Member’s benefit plan.
- The “Description” section describes the Service.
- The “Definition” section defines certain words, terms or items within the policy and may include tables and charts.
- The “Resources” section lists the information and materials we considered in developing this PCG
- **We do not accept patient use of samples as evidence of an initial course of treatment, justification for continuation of therapy, or evidence of adequate trial and failure.**
- Information about medications that require prior authorization is available at www.azblue.com/pharmacy. You must fully complete the [request form](#) and provide chart notes, lab workup and any other supporting documentation. The prescribing provider must sign the form. Fax the form to BCBSAZ Pharmacy Management at (602) 864-3126 or email it to Pharmacyprecert@azblue.com.

Medical Necessity Requirements for VONJO (pacritinib)

Criteria for Initial Therapy:

Prescriber Qualifications

- Prescribed by a physician specializing in the diagnosis or in consultation with an Oncologist or Hematologist

Indication

- Intermediate or high-risk primary or secondary (post-polycythemia vera or post-essential thrombocythemia) myelofibrosis with platelet count below $50 \times 10^9/L$

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- Other oncologic direct treatment uses listed in National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) Guidelines with Categories of Evidence and Consensus of 1 and 2A

Age Requirement

- 18 years or older

Baseline Clinical Evaluation

- Platelet count
- Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance score of 0 to 2

Safety

- No prolonged QT interval (greater than 480 msec)
- No unresolved active infection
- No significant renal impairment (eGFR less than 30 ml/min)
- No moderate (Child-Pugh B) or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh C)
- No concomitant use of strong CYP3A4 inhibitors or inducers
- No significant interacting drugs such as:
 - CYP3A4 inhibitors
 - Moderate CYP3A4 inducers
 - Sensitive substrates of P-gp, BCRP, or OCT1
- Not concomitant use with other Kinase Inhibitors or Janus Associated Kinase Inhibitors (i.e., tofacitinib, baricitinib, upadacitinib, ruxolitinib, fedratinib, etc.)

Documentation Requirements

- A completed request form must be submitted, including:
 - Chart notes
 - Lab results (platelet count, ECOG score)
 - Supporting clinical documentation

Initial Therapy Criteria Approval Duration

- 6 months OR end of plan year
-

Criteria for Continuation of Therapy (renewal therapy)

Manufacturer assistance (e.g., coupons, samples, etc.) are not considered for continuation of therapy

Prescriber Qualifications

- Continues to be seen by a physician specializing in the diagnosis or in consultation with an Oncologist or Hematologist

Clinical Response

- **TWO** of the following:

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- No evidence of disease progression
- At least 35% reduction in spleen volume (measured by MRI or CT)
- At least 50% decrease in total symptoms (tiredness, early satiety, abdominal discomfort, night sweats, itching, bone pain, pain under ribs on left side)

Adherence

- Adherence to the prescribed therapy regimen has been documented

Brand Specific Criteria

- Have failure, contraindication or intolerance with **THREE** generic equivalents (when available) for at least three months each. **Note:** Any failure, contraindication, or intolerance to the generic drugs should be reported to the FDA (see Definitions section)

Safety

- No new contraindications or significant adverse drug effects including:
 - No concomitant use of strong CYP3A4 inhibitors
 - Prolonged QT interval (greater than 500 msec)
 - Active serious infection
 - Hemorrhage
 - Major adverse cardiac event
 - Thrombosis
- No significant interacting drugs such as:
 - CYP3A4 inhibitors
 - Moderate CYP3A4 inducers
 - Sensitive substrates of P-gp, BCRP, or OCT1
- Not concomitant use with other Kinase Inhibitors or Janus Associated Kinase Inhibitors (i.e., tofacitinib, baricitinib, upadacitinib, ruxolitinib, fedratinib, etc.)

Documentation Requirements

- Chart notes
- Supporting clinical documentation with evidence of improvement in given indication
- Lab values that confirm safe use from above criteria

Continuation Therapy Criteria Approval Duration

- 12 months OR end of plan year
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Criteria for Off-Label Use Requests:

Criteria for a request for non-FDA use or indication, treatment with dosing, frequency, or duration outside the FDA-approved dosing, frequency, and duration, refer to one of the following Pharmacy Coverage Guideline:

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1. Off-Label Use of Non-Cancer Medications
 2. Off-Label Use of Cancer Medications
-

Description:

Vonjo (pacritinib) is indicated for the treatment of adults with intermediate or high-risk primary or secondary (post-polycythemia vera or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis (MF) with a platelet count below $50 \times 10^9/L$. This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on spleen volume reduction. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial(s).

Pacritinib is an oral kinase inhibitor with activity against wild type Janus associated kinase 2 (JAK2), mutant JAK2, and FMS-like tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3), which contribute to signaling of a number of cytokines and growth factors that are important for hematopoiesis and immune function. MF is often associated with dysregulated JAK2 signaling. Pacritinib has higher inhibitory activity for JAK2 compared to JAK3 and TYK2. At clinically relevant concentrations, pacritinib does not inhibit JAK1.

Primary myelofibrosis (PMF) is a myeloproliferative neoplasm associated with bone marrow fibrosis, cytopenias, constitutional symptoms, hepatosplenomegaly, and/or extramedullary hematopoiesis. Myelofibrosis that arises after a previous diagnosis of polycythemia vera (PV) or essential thrombocytopenia (ET) is referred to as secondary myelofibrosis. The treatment for secondary MF is the same as primary MF.

Myelofibrosis is stratified by risk through various risk modeling systems. In higher risk MF, allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplantation can offer the possibility of cure and prolong survival for those that are eligible. For those that are not candidates, clinical trials or oral therapy may be an option including ruxolitinib, fedratinib pacritinib or hydroxyurea.

Pacritinib was studied intermediate and high-risk primary or secondary MF in individuals with splenomegaly and a baseline platelet count less than $100 \times 10^9/L$. However, the FDA indication is for those with baseline platelets less than $50 \times 10^9/L$ due to the reported outcome found in this subset of individuals. Individuals treated with pacritinib had a $\geq 35\%$ decrease in spleen volume in 29% of patients compare to 3% in the best available therapy treatment group. Pacritinib has not been studied to determine clinical benefit such as progression free survival or overall survival in MF.

Definitions:

U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) MedWatch Forms for FDA Safety Reporting
[MedWatch Forms for FDA Safety Reporting | FDA](#)

NCCN recommendation definitions:

Category 1:

Based upon high-level evidence, there is uniform NCCN consensus that the intervention is appropriate.

Category 2A:

Based upon lower-level evidence, there is uniform NCCN consensus that the intervention is appropriate.

Category 2B:

ORIGINAL EFFECTIVE DATE: 05/19/2022 | ARCHIVE DATE: | LAST REVIEW DATE: 05/15/2025 | LAST CRITERIA REVISION DATE: 05/18/2023

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Based upon lower-level evidence, there is NCCN consensus that the intervention is appropriate.

Category 3:

Based upon any level of evidence, there is major NCCN disagreement that the intervention is appropriate

ECOG Performance status:

Eastern Co-operative Oncology Group (ECOG) Performance Status	
Grade	ECOG description
0	Fully active, able to carry on all pre-disease performance without restriction
1	Restricted in physically strenuous activity but ambulatory and able to carry out work of a light or sedentary nature, e.g., light house work, office work
2	Ambulatory and capable of all selfcare but unable to carry out any work activities. Up and about more than 50% of waking hours
3	Capable of only limited selfcare, confined to bed or chair more than 50% of waking hours
4	Completely disabled. Cannot carry on any self-care. Totally confined to bed or chair
5	Dead

Oken, M.M., Creech, R.H., Tormey, D.C., Horton, J., Davis, T.E., McFadden, E.T., Carbone, P.P.: Toxicity And Response Criteria Of The Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group. Am J Clin Oncol 5:649-655, 1982

The Child-Pugh classification system:

The Child-Pugh classification is a scoring system used to determine the prognosis of individuals with cirrhosis. Scoring is based upon several factors: albumin, ascites, total bilirubin, prothrombin time, and encephalopathy, as follows:

	Score: 1 point	Score: 2 points	Score: 3 points
Serum Albumin (g/dL)	> 3.5	3.0 - 3.5	< 3.0
Serum Bilirubin (mg/dL)	< 2.0	2.0 - 3.0	> 3.0
Prothrombin time (seconds)	1 - 4	4 - 6	> 6
Ascites	none	moderate	severe
Encephalopathy	none	mild	severe

The three classes and their scores are:

- **Class A** is score 5 – 6: Well compensated
- **Class B** is score 7 – 9: Significant functional compromise
- **Class C** is score > 9: Decompensated disease

Myelofibrosis:

The 3 most common risk stratification systems in MF are the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), DIPSS, and DIPSS-Plus. They are studied and validated in primary MF. More recently, the novel Myelofibrosis Secondary to PV and ET-Prognostic Model (MYSEC)-PM has been validated to stratify post-PV and post-ET MF into four risk groups.

IPSS should be used at time of diagnosis, DIPSS-PLUS is preferred during the course of treatment, DIPSS can be used if karyotyping is not available. Other risk stratification models incorporate cytogenetic information and mutational status, but further validation is needed before they can be widely adopted.

International Working Group (IWG) International prognostic scoring system (IPSS):

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Risk Stratification for Myelofibrosis (IPSS)	
	Points
Age > 65 years	1
Constitutional symptoms: Weight loss > 10 % from baseline Night sweats Unexplained fever	1
Hemoglobin <10 g/dL	1
Leukocyte count > 25 X 10 ⁹ /L	1
Circulating blast cells ≥ 1%	1
Risk Group	
Low risk	0 points
Intermediate risk-1	1 point
Intermediate risk-2	2 points
High risk	3 or more points

Dynamic International Prognostic System (DIPSS):

Prognostic Variable	Points		
	0	1	2
Age (y)	≤ 65	> 65	
Constitutional symptoms (Y/N)	N	Y	
Hemoglobin (g/dL)	≥ 10		< 10
WBC (x 10 ⁹ /L)	≤ 25	> 25	
Peripheral blood blasts (%)	< 1	≥ 1	
Risk Group	Points		
Low	0		
Intermediate-1	1 or 2		
Intermediate-2	3 or 4		
High	5 or 6		

Dynamic International Prognostic System Plus (DIPSS-Plus):

Prognostic Variable	Points
DIPSS low risk	0
DIPSS Intermediate-1	1
DIPSS Intermediate-2	2
DIPSS high risk	3
Platelets < 100 x 10 ⁹ /L	1

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Transfusion need	1
Unfavorable karyotype*	1
Risk Group	Points
Low	0
Intermediate-1	1
Intermediate-2	2 or 3
High	4 to 6
*Unfavorable karyotype: complex karyotype or sole or two abnormalities that include trisomy 8, 7/7q, i(17q), 5/5q-, 12p-, inv(3), or 11q23 rearrangement	

Myelofibrosis Secondary to PV and ET-Prognostic Model (MYSEC-PM):

Prognostic Variable	Points
Age at diagnosis	0.15 per patient's year of age
Hemoglobin < 11g/dl	2
Circulating blasts ≥3%	2
Absence of CALR type 1 mutation	2
Constitutional symptoms	1
Transfusion need	1
Risk Group	Points
Low	<11
Intermediate-1	≥11
Intermediate-2	≥14 and <16
High	≥16

Potential Drug Interactions:

Enzyme or Transporter Mechanism	Potential Interaction with Vonjo
Moderate CYP3A4 Inhibitor (avoid combination or adjust dose)	aprepitant, ciprofloxacin, conivaptan, crizotinib, cyclosporine, diltiazem, dronedarone, erythromycin, fluconazole, fluvoxamine, imatinib, verapamil
Strong CYP3A4 Inhibitor (Contraindication)	boceprevir, cobicistat, grapefruit juice, itraconazole, ketoconazole, posaconazole, ritonavir, telaprevir, telithromycin, voriconazole
Moderate CYP3A4 Inducer (avoid combination or adjust dose)	bosentan, efavirenz, etravirine, phenobarbital, primidone

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Strong CYP3A4 Inducer (Contraindication)	apalutamide, carbamazepine, enzalutamide, mitotane, phenytoin, rifampin, St. John’s wort
P-glycoprotein substrate (avoid combination, adjust dose or monitor)	digoxin, quinidine
BCRP substrate (avoid combination, adjust dose or monitor)	dantrolene, prazosin, sulfasalazine
OCT1 substrate (avoid combination, adjust dose or monitor)	cimetidine, imatinib

Resources:

Vonjo prescribing information, revised by CTI BioPharma Corp. 11/2024. Available at DailyMed <http://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov>. Accessed February 21, 2025.

National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®): Myeloproliferative Neoplasms Version 1.2025 – Updated February 21, 2025. Available at <https://www.nccn.org>. Accessed April 20, 2025.

Off Label Use of Cancer Medications: A.R.S. §§ 20-826(R) & (S). Subscription contracts; definitions.

Off Label Use of Cancer Medications: A.R.S. §§ 20-1057(V) & (W). Evidence of coverage by health care service organizations; renewability; definitions.